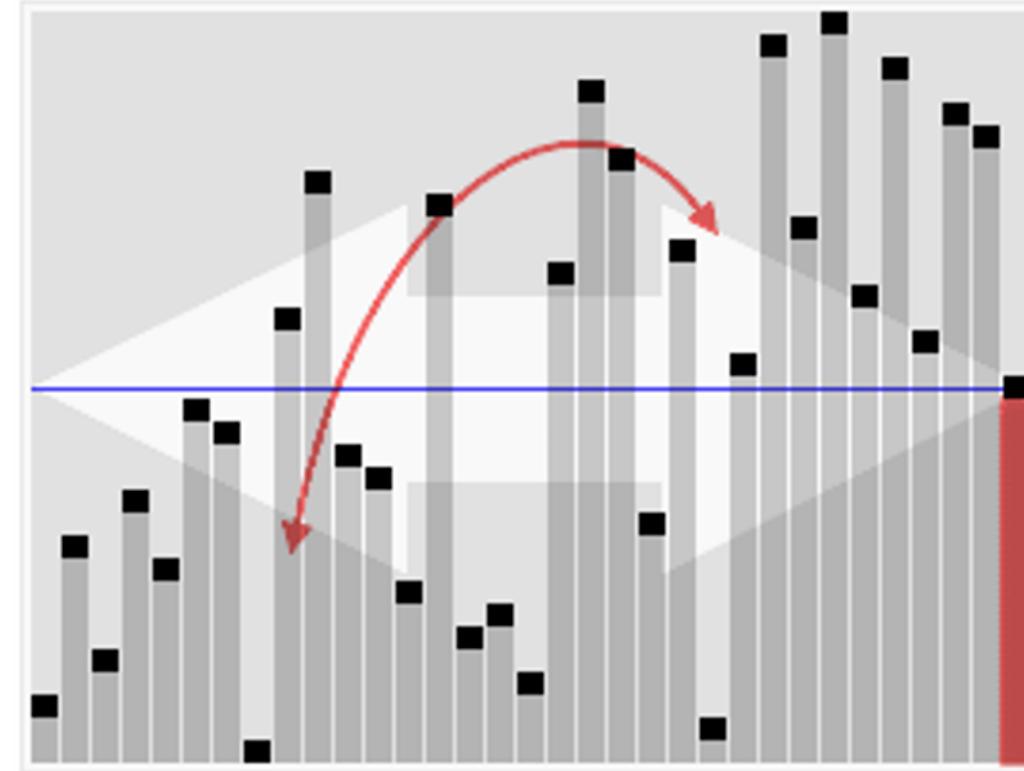


Quicksort

Analiza Algoritmilor



Overview

```
quicksort(A, left, right):
```

```
    if (right - left <= 1)
```

```
        return
```

```
    pivot_index = choose_pivot(A, left, right)
```

```
    partition(A, left, right, pivot_index)
```

```
    quicksort(A, left, pivot_index)
```

```
    quicksort(A, pivot_index + 1, right)
```

Recurrence relation

Best case scenario (each time we select the *median* as the pivot):

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \Theta(n)$$

Worst-case scenario (each time we select the *min/max* as the pivot):

$$T(n) = T(n - 1) + \Theta(n)$$

Splitting 25-75

Each time we select a pivot that yields a 25-75 split:

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + T\left(\frac{3n}{4}\right) + \Theta(n)$$

How many such elements are there?

50%

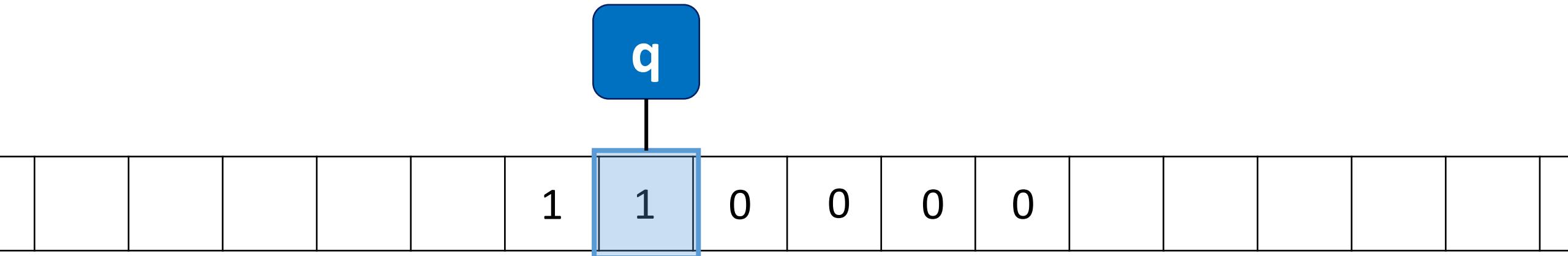
Random algorithms

Coin flips are enough:

- Objects can be represented by binary strings
- A binary strings is just a sequence of 0s (heads) and 1s (tails)



Probabilistic computation



	0	1	□
q	$q, 0, \rightarrow$	$q, 1, \rightarrow$	p, \square, \leftarrow
p	$Y, 0, -$	$N, 1, -$	$N, \square, -$



	0	1	□
q	$p, 1, \leftarrow$	$p, 1, \rightarrow$	p, \square, \leftarrow
p	$N, 0, -$	$N, 1, -$	$Y, \square, -$