

# Introduction Lecture 1

Security of Mobile Devices

2023



Android Architecture

Application Development Overview

Security Mechanisms



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Security Mechanisms



- ▶ Team
  - Laura Ruse, Cosmin Chenaru, Adrian Florescu, invited speakers
- Schedule

► Lecture: Monday 8-10

Labs: Thursday 8-10, 10-12, 18-20



- ► Android OS:
  - ► SDK
  - Internals
  - ► Security architecture
  - ► Network security
  - Vulnerabilities and malware
- ► Invited speakers from industry



- ▶ Wiki: http://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/smd
  - Lectures
  - Labs
  - Class registrer
  - Calendar
- ► Moodle: http://curs.upb.ro/
  - https://curs.upb.ro/2022/course/view.php?id=4873



- ▶ **0.5 points** Lecture tests and attendance
- ▶ 1 point Lab activity
- ▶ **4 points** Project
- ▶ 2.5 points from lab, project & tests are required to enter the exam
- ▶ 2 points Mid-term exam
- ▶ 2.5 points Final exam
- ► A total of 5p are required to pass the class



- ▶ **0.5 points** Lecture tests
  - ▶ the test will be held at the end of the lecture, on Moodle
  - the test will consist of one simple question
  - the question will be related to what was presented at the lecture



- ▶ 1 point Lab activity
  - Android Studio, Java, Kotlin (if you want to)
  - ► Github Classroom
  - ► The lab will be solved during the lab (it may be finished after the lab)
  - Submit until Sunday 23:55 (same week)



### ▶ **4 points** Project

- https://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/smd/res/assignment
- ► Project theme registration 0.3p penalty
- ► Intermediary project presentation 0.5p penalty
- ► Final project presentation



- ▶ 2 points Mid-term exam
- ▶ **2.5 points** Final exam
- ▶ 20 multiple choice questions
- 20 minutes
- each question has 4 choices of which only one is correct



- ▶ https://source.android.com/docs/
- ▶ http://developer.android.com
- ► Introducere in sistemul de operare Android Laura Ruse, Vlad Traistă-Popescu, 2021
- ► Securitatea sistemului de operare Android Laura Ruse, Vlad Traistă-Popescu, 2021



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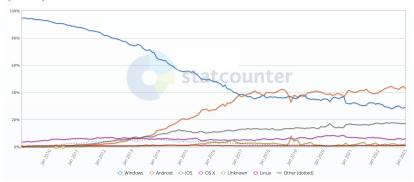
Security Mechanisms



- ► Open-source OS for mobile devices
- ▶ 3.3 billion active users (2023)
- ► Mobile OS market share (Jan 2023)
  - ► Android 71.74%
  - ▶ iOS 27.63%
- ► OS market share (across all devices) (Jan 2023)
  - ► Android 43.01%
    - ▶ Windows 29.18%
    - ▶ iOS 17.24%
    - ► OS X 6.03%
    - ► Linux 1.15%
- Source: Statcounter
- ► Official application market: Google Play Store





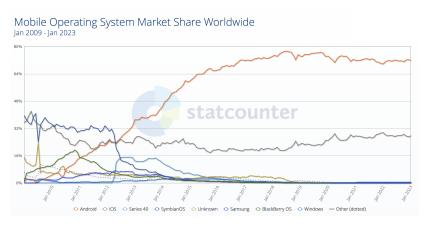


Source: Statcounter

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SMD Introduction, Lecture 1





Source: Statcounter

SMD Introduction, Lecture 1 16/51



- ▶ Apps that could put users, user data and devices at risk
- ▶ Why the keyword potentially?

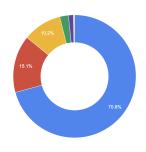


- ► Google Play Protect detect and remove PHAs
- Statistics from Google:
- https://transparencyreport.google.com/ android-security/store-app-safety?hl=en



Jul 2022 - Sep 2022 ▼

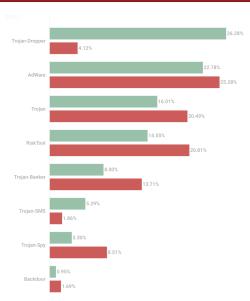
#### Google Play



Category	PHA Install Rate
Privilege escalation	0.12902158%
Spyware	0.027533266%
Toll fraud	0.018666881%
Phishing	0.0041948882%
Backdoor	0.0022811875%
Trojan	0.0005138487%
Hostile downloader	0.000083418%
Commercial spyware	0.0000390038%
DOS	0.0000020137%
SMS fraud	0.0000016394%
Rooting	0.0000009107%
Spam	0.0000005276%
Windows malware	0.00000047%
Call fraud	0.000000007%
Ransomware	0.0000000002%

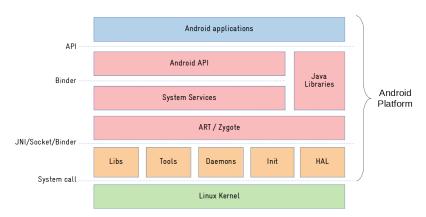






Source: Kaspersky





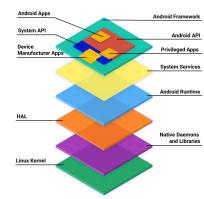
Source: https:

//embeddedbits.org/what-differs-android-from-other-linux-based-systems/





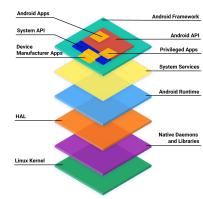
- ► Linux kernel
  - Androidisms
  - Security
  - Device drivers
- ► Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL)
  - Standard interfaces
  - ► Multiple library modules





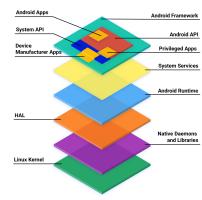


- ► Native userspace
  - ▶ init process
    - ► Starts installd, adbd, servicemanager, Zygote
  - Native daemons
  - Native libraries
    - ► Through Java framework APIs
    - ► Through Android NDK



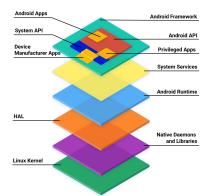


- Android Runtime
  - Dalvik
  - ART
  - Ahead-Of-Time (AOT) compilation
- ▶ Java Runtime libraries
  - ► java.\* and javax.\*
  - Apache Harmony Project
  - ► Java Native Interface (JNI)





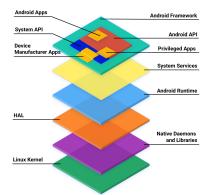
- System services
  - Fundamental features of Android
  - Location, touch screen, telephony, networking
  - Native and Java code
  - Service interface
  - ► Through the Binder





#### ► Android API

- Base components for app development
- ► Interaction with the hardware
- Interaction with high level services



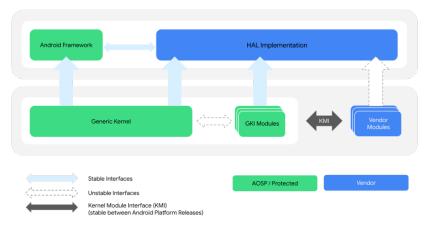
Source: https://source.android.com/



- ▶ Based on upstream Linux Long Term Supported (LTS) kernel
- ► LTS + Android-specific patches
- Generic Kernel Image (GKI)
  - separation of hardware-agnostic core kernel and hardware-specific GKI modules
  - ► interacts with hardware-specific vendor modules through Kernel Module Interface (KMI)

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Source: https://source.android.com/docs/core/architecture/kernel



- ► Default until Android 5.0
- ► Runs Dalvik-specific byte-code
- ► Dalvik Executable Format (DEX)
  - ► Runs .dex files instead of .jar files
  - .dex is 50% smaller than corresponding .jar
- ► Just-In-Time compilation
  - From Android 2.2
  - Short segments of bytecode translated into native machine code at runtime
  - ► Improves performance



- ► From Android 5.0
- More advanced runtime architecture
- ► Ahead-Of-Time compilation
  - ▶ Just once, at installation
  - ► Entire DEX file -> executable for target device
  - ► Instead of JIT compilation and Dalvik interpretation
  - ► More efficient, reduced power consumption
  - ► More space to store the executables
- ▶ Improved memory allocation, GC, debugging and profiling



- ▶ bioniC (libc)
  - ► Much smaller and faster than glibc
- ► SQLite
  - ► Managing SQL databases
- OpenGL ES
  - ► Standard software interface for 3D processing hardware
- ▶ SSL
  - Securing the communication over Internet



- System Services and Managers
  - ► Telephony
  - Location
  - Activity
  - Package
  - Notification
- ► System Content Providers
  - Calendar
  - Dictionary
  - Contacts
  - Settings



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- Activities
  - ► GUI
  - ► Back stack
- Services
  - ► Background operations
  - ► Runs in the same process by default
  - ► Tasks for current or other apps



- Broadcast Receivers
  - Receiving broadcast messages
  - ► Announcements, notifications
- Content Providers
  - Storing, sharing data
  - ► SQLite, files



- ► Similar to signals
- ► Delivered by the OS
- Start activities
- Start services
- Sending broadcast messages



- ► Lightweight RPC
- ► Remote object invocation
- ► Communication with system and app services
- ► Transmit parcels of data
- ► Synchronous calls (blocking)



Team, Schedule and Grading

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- ► Linux kernel security
  - Isolate user resources (file permissions)
  - ► Process runs with user's UID/GID
- ► In Android UIDs are used to identify applications
  - Isolate applications
  - ► Basis for sandboxing



- Unique UID assigned to each application at installation time
- Dedicated process running as that UID
- Dedicated directory only that UID has read/write/execute permissions
- Process-level and file-level sandbox
- ► Kernel level sandbox all applications



- ▶ Well-defined UIDs for system apps and daemons
- Very few daemons under root UID 0
- ► UIDs for system services start at 1000
- ▶ User *system* has UID 1000
  - Special privileges
- ► App UIDs start at 10000



- ► Each app dedicated data directory
- ► Database, images, other files
- rwx permissions only for that app UID/GID



- Operations outside sandbox
- ▶ Declared statically in the Manifest file
- Before Android 6
  - Granted at installation time
  - Cannot be revoked
- ► From Android 6
  - Granted at runtime
  - Revoked and granted from settings



- Permission enforcement
- Access to lower-level resources
  - Enforced by the Linux kernel
  - ► Check UID/GID vs resource's owner
- ► Access to high-level Android components
  - ► Enforced by Android OS or a certain component



- ► All apps signed by their developer
- Methods:
  - Personal app signing key
  - ► Upload key
- Same origin policy
  - App updates from the same developer



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Bibliography



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- ► Securitatea sistemului de operare Android Laura Ruse, Vlad Traistă-Popescu, 2021



- ► PHA
- ► Mobile malware
- ► Linux kernel
- Android Runtime
- ► ART
- ► Native libraries
- Application framework
- Activities

- Services
- ► Broadcast receivers
- ► Content providers
- Intents
- Binder
- Sandboxing
- Permissions
- Code signing